This Is-

ACC SOCCER

ACC SOCCER IN 2001

- Seven of the conference's eight teams were in the 2001 NCAA Women's Soccer Championships
- More teams in the Sweet Sixteen than any other conference
- North Carolina earned its 20th straight appearance in the NCAA Tournament, Clemson and Virginia earned their seventh straight appearance, Wake Forest earned its fifth straight appearance while Duke earned its ninth appearance in the past ten years, Maryland was invited for the sixth time in seven years and Florida State went
- Soccer America's Women's Player of the Decade
- Five members of Soccer America's All-Decade team
- Eight ACC players were members of the 1999 U.S. Women's World Cup Championship Team
- 85 first team All-Americans
- Seven National Rookie of the Year Awards
- ▶ 98-52-4 record in the NCAA Tournament

ALL-ACC: 1st Team: Deliah Arrington, Clemson; Danielle Borgman, North Carolina; Lindsay Browne, Clemson;

ACC TOURNAMENT RESULTS: (Spry Stadium, Wake Forest, NC) First Round: #1 North Carolina d. #8 NC State 1-0; #2 Virginia d. #7 Duke 2-1 (OT); #3 Florida State d. #6 Maryland 7-2; #5 Wake Forest t. #4 Clemson 1-1; Wake Forest advances on penalty kicks 4-3. Semifinals: North Carolina d. Wake Forest 3-0;

Florida State t. Virginia 0-0; Florida State advances on penalty kicks 3-2. Final: North Carolina d. Florida State 4-0.

ACC ALL-TOURNAMENT TEAM: Alyssa

Ramsey, North Carolina; Danielle Borgman, North Carolina; Jena Kluegel, North Carolina; Anne Remy, North Carolina; **Heather Dyche, Florida State; Amber Tollefson, Florida State; Katie Beal, Florida State**; Lori Lindsey, Virginia; Kelly Worden, Virginia; Stacy Roeck, Wake Forest; Emily Taggart, Wake Forest

ACC TOURNAMENT MVP: Alyssa Ramsey, North Carolina

ACC PLAYERS OF THE WEEK: Sept. 3,

Ali Wolff, Maryland; Sept. 10, Leslie Gaston North Carolina; Sept. 24, Amber Tollefson, Florida State; Oct. 1, Lindsay Browne, Clemson; Oct. 8, Katie Carson, Clemson and Cindy Schofield, Florida State; Oct. 15, Laura Gaworecki, Virginia and Audra Poulin, Maryland; Oct. 22, Lindsay Gusick; Oct. 29, Thora Helgadottir, Duke and Elizabeth Ball, UNC; Nov. 5, Cindy Schofield Florida State.

ACC ALL-FRESHMAN TEAM: Jenny Anderson - Clemson; Katie Beal -Florida State; Camie Bybee - Florida State; Lindsay Gusick - Virginia; Alli Hunt - Wake Forest; Paige Ledford -Clemson; Casey McCluskey - Duke; Anne Morrell - North Carolina; Sara Randolph - North Carolina; Jez Ratliff -Florida State; Jessica Trainor - Virginia

ACC IN FINAL POLLS

			COLLEGE	SOCCER	SOCCER					
TEAM	NSCAA	SOCCERBUZZ	SOCCER.COM	AMERICA*	TIMES.COM*					
N. Carolina	2	2	2	1	1					
Virginia	8	8	7	11	15					
Clemson	11	10	12	15	16					
Florida Stat	e 20	17	11	18	18					
Wake Forest	_	_	_	_	23					
*Final poll released before the NCAA Tournament										

- to the NCAA's for the second consecutive season.
- 2001 NCAA Division I soccer runners-up North Carolina
- Four teams in the final SoccerBuzz and Soccer America polls
- Four players named first team All-Americans by *SoccerBuzz*
- Four freshmen named to the SoccerBuzz All-Freshman first team
- One third of the players on the SoccerBuzz
 All-Freshman first team were from the
 ACC

ACC SOCCER LEGACY

- 17 NCAA Division I Championships
- **▶** 21 NCAA title match appearances
- 22 NCAA Final Four appearances
- Seven gold medal winning Olympians
- 15 National Player of the Year Awards

- Thora Helgadottir, Duke; Jena Kluegel, North Carolina; Lori Lindsey, Virginia; Casey McCluskey, Duke; Catherine Reddick, North Carolina; Stacy Roeck, Wake Forest; Cindy Schofield, Florida State; Emily Taggart, Wake Forest
- 2nd Team: Adrienne Barnes, NC State; Carly Fuller, Duke; Lindsay Givens, Maryland; Lindsay Gusick, Virginia; Paige Ledford, Clemson; Sarah Kate Noftsinger, Wake Forest; Alyssa Ramsey, North Carolina; Anne Remy, North Carolina; Amber Tollefson, Florida State; Ali Wolff, Maryland; Kelly Worden, Virginia
- ACC PLAYER OF THE YEAR: Lori Lindsey, Virginia
- ACC ROOKIE OF THE YEAR: Casey McCluskey, Duke
- ACC COACH OF THE YEAR: Anson Dorrance, North Carolina

2001 ACC FINAL STANDINGS

	CONFERENCE							OVERALL					
TEAM	WON	LOSS	\mathbf{T}	PCT	FOR	OPP	7	VON :	LOSS	T	PCT	FOR	OPP
UNC	7	0	0	1.000	24	2		24	- 1	0	.960	<i>7</i> 9	12
UVa	5	2	0	.714	11	8		17	4	2	.783	51	23
FSU	4	3	0	.571	15	16		15	8	1	.646	55	40
Clemson	4	3	0	.571	11	8		15	5	1	.738	45	19
WFU	3	4	0	.429	6	8		9	9	2	.500	36	23
Maryland	3	4	0	.429	6	6		10	7	2	.553	24	20
Duke	2	5	0	.286	7	- 11		8	10	1	.447	26	31
NC State	0	7	0	.000	4	15	OAST CON	8	10	0	.444	21	26
RECORD V	S. NON-	ACC OF	PO	NENTS:	68-19-6	5 (.763)							

THE ACC

THE TRADITION

Consistency. It's the mark of true excellence in any endeavor.

However, in today's intercollegiate athletics, competition has become so balanced and so competitive that it is virtually impossible to maintain a high level of consistency.

Yet the Atlantic Coast Conference has defied the odds. Now in its 50th year of competition, the ACC has long enjoyed the reputation as one of the strongest and most competitive intercollegiate conferences in the nation. And that is not mere conjecture, the numbers support it.

Since the league's inception in 1953, ACC schools have captured 85 national championships, including 43 in women's competition and 42 in men's. In addition, 120 men and 31 women have earned the coveted title of NCAA

champion.

The conference had an immediate impact on the national college football scene in the fall of 1953 when the University of Maryland captured the first of what would eventually be five national football titles for the ACC. Clemson laid claim to the league's second national title in 1981 while Georgia Tech followed suit in 1990. Florida State pocketed national titles No. 4 and 5 in 1993 and 1999.

The nine schools that take to the field this fall under the ACC banner have produced 379 first or second team gridiron All-Americas and 57 first-team academic All-Americas. ACC teams have had 1,503 players selected in the annual professional football draft, including 112 first round selections. A year ago, the nine ACC member institutions had 197 former players on NFL rosters during the regular season or playoffs.

If success is best measured in terms of wins and losses, then the ACC over the years has proved itself to be among the elite in Division I-A football. The ACC is the nation's winningest bowl conference as the nine current league teams are a combined 88-79-5 (.526) in

post-season play.

A year ago the ACC posted a 4-2 mark in bowl games as an all-time high seven ACC teams finished the regular season with winning

Two ACC teams — Georgia Tech and Florida State — rank among the nation's winningest bowl teams. Among teams with 20or-more bowl appearances, the Yellow Jackets are tied with Penn State as the nation's winningest all-time bowl team with a 20-10 (.667) post-season mark while the Seminoles are third at 18-10-2 (.633).

This past season, the ACC had two consensus All-Americans and over the past five years has produced 24 consensus All-Americans. Since 1997, the ACC has had more first round draft picks (30) in the annual NFL draft than any other conference except the 12-team Southeastern Conference.

For the second-straight year, the ACC set a new attendance mark in football. Over 56 home games, ACC teams drew 2,776,816 fans, breaking the existing record of 2,653,816 set during the 2000 season.

2001-02 IN REVIEW

The 2001-02 academic year concluded with the league pocketing three more national team titles and six individual NCAA crowns. In all, the ACC has won 42 national team titles over the last 12 years.

The ACC's 2001-02 national champions were North Carolina in men's soccer, Maryland in men's basketball and Duke in women's golf. Overall, 93 ACC teams took part in post-season play compiling a 94-56 (.626) record.

The ACC placed at least one team in the Top 10 nationally in 13 of the 25 sports sponsored by the league. In all, 33 ACC teams finished their season with a top 10 ranking.

THE CHAMPIONSHIPS

The conference will conduct championship competition in 25 sports during the 2002-2003 academic year — 12 for men and 13 for women.

The first ACC championship was held in

A HISTORY

The Atlantic Coast Conference was founded on May 8, 1953, at the Sedgefield Inn near Greensboro, NC, with seven charter members - Clemson, Duke, Maryland, North Carolina, North Carolina State, South Carolina and Wake Forest — drawing up the conference by-laws.

The withdrawal of seven schools from the Southern Conference came early on the morning of May 8, 1953, during the Southern Conference's annual spring meeting. On June 14, 1953, the seven members met in Raleigh, NC, where a set of bylaws were adopted and the name became officially the Atlantic Coast Conference.

Suggestions from fans for the name of the new conference appeared in the region's newspapers prior to the meeting in Raleigh. Some of the names suggested were: Dixie, Mid South, Mid Atlantic, East Coast, Seaboard, Colonial, Tobacco, Blue-Gray, Piedmont, Southern Seven and the Shoreline.

Duke's Eddie Cameron recommended that the name of the conference be the Atlantic

SCHOOL AFFILIATIONS

CLEMSON - Charter member of the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association in 1894, a charter member of the Southern Conference in 1921, a charter member of the Atlantic Coast Conference (ACC) in 1953.

DUKE - Joined the Southern Conference in December, 1928; charter member of the ACC in

FLORIDA STATE - Charter member of the Dixie Conference in 1948, joined the Metro Conference in July, 1976; joined the ACC July, 1991.

GEORGIA TECH — Charter member of the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association in 1894, charter member of Southern Conference in 1921, charter member of the SEC in 1932, joined the ACC in April, 1978.

MARYLAND — Charter member of the Southern Conference in 1921, charter member of the ACC in 1953.

NORTH CAROLINA — Charter member of the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association in 1894, charter member of the Southern Conference in 1921, charter member of the ACC in 1953. NC STATE — Charter member of the Southern Conference in 1921; charter member of the ACC in 1953.

VIRGINIA — Charter member of the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association in 1894, charter member of the Southern Conference in 1921, resigned from Southern Conference in December 1936, joined the ACC in December, 1953.

WAKE FOREST — Joined the Southern Conference in February, 1936, charter member of the ACC in 1953.

swimming on February 25, 1954. The conference did not conduct championships in cross country, wrestling or tennis during the first year.

The 12 sports for men include football, cross country, soccer, basketball, swimming, indoor and outdoor track, wrestling, baseball, tennis, golf and lacrosse. Fencing, which was started in 1971, was discontinued

Women's sports were initiated in 1977 with the first championship meet being held in tennis at Wake Forest University.

Championships for women are currently conducted in cross country, volleyball, field hockey, soccer, basketball, swimming, indoor and outdoor track, tennis, golf, lacrosse, softball and rowing.

Coast Conference, and the motion was passed unanimously. The meeting concluded with each member institution assessed \$200.00 to pay for conference expenses.

On December 4, 1953, conference officials met again at Sedgefield and officially admitted the University of Virginia as the league's eighth member. The first, and only, withdrawal of a school from the ACC came on June 30, 1971, when the University of South Carolina tendered its resignation.

The ACC operated with seven members until April 3, 1978, when the Georgia Institute of Technology was admitted. The Atlanta school had withdrawn from the Southeastern Conference in January of 1964.

The ACC expanded to nine members on July 1, 1991, with the addition of Florida State University.